## [2016 September-NewCisco 400-201 PDF Braindump 414Q&As [NQ91-NQ100 Download

2016.09 New <u>400-201</u>: Cisco CCIE Service Provider Written Exam v4.1 Exam Questions Updated Today! Free Download 400-201 Exam Dumps(PDF & VCE) 414Q&As from Braindump2go.com Today!100% Real Exam Questions! 100% Exam Pass Guaranteed! <u>NEW QUESTION 81 - NEW QUESTION 90</u> 1.]2016 New 400-201 Exam Dumps(PDF & VCE) 414Q&As Download:http://www.braindump2go.com/400-201.html2.]2016 New 400-201 Exam Questions & Answers:https://drive.google.com/folderview?id=0B75b5xYLjSSNRjJsZE5Fd04xYTQ&usp=sharing QUESTION 91Refer to the

exhibit. An SP core is running MPLS with OSPF as the IGP used for Loopback propagation. LDP Synchronization is enabled per

the given configuration. What will the traffic flow behavior be after a temporary outage event on PE1 Eth0/0?



A. Permanently through PE1 -> P2 -> PE4 due to lowest path metric.B. Initially through PE1 -> P1 -> PE4, then a few seconds later, it will be over PE1 -> P2 -> PE4.C. Permanently through PE1 -> P1 -> PE4 due to lowest path metric.D. Initially through PE1 -> P2 -> PE4, then a few seconds later, it will be over PE1 -> P1 -> PE4 Answer: B OUESTION 92In MPLS traffic engineering, which one of the following protocols is used for Path Setup? A. BGPB. OSPFC. ISISD. RSVP Answer: D QUESTION 93Two Tier 2 Service Providers are using a Tier 1 Service Provider for transport. MPLS is required between the Tier 2 Service Providers for label switching. In this CSC solution, which label stack is correct? A. original IP packet, MPLS CSC transport label, MPLS VPN label, and MPLS Tier 2 transport labelB. original IP packet, MPLS Tier 2 transport label, MPLS VPN label, and MPLS CSC transport labelC. original IP packet, MPLS VPN label, MPLS Tier 2 transport label, and MPLS CSC transport labelD. original IP packet, MPLS Tier 2 transport label, MPLS CSC transport label, and MPLS VPN label Answer: C QUESTION 94What is the PPMP label used for? A. for the ingress replication model with BIDIR-PIM in an overlay modelB. only for the inter-AS mVPN models that use mLDPC. for the partitioned mVPN mmodel with PIM signaling in an overlay model D. only for unicast over MPLS VPNE. for all the default MDT and mVPN models Answer: CExplanation: http://d2zmdbbm9feqrf.cloudfront.net/2014/eur/pdf/BRKIPM-2011.pdf QUESTION 95MPLS Service Providers use Route Distinguishers and Route Targets as methods to control routing for customer VRFs. Which two statements are true about Route Distinguishers and Route Targets? (Choose two.) A. Route Targets are values that are used by a PE router to uniquely identify a VRF within its local MP-BGP VPNv4 table.B. Route Distinguishers are used by PE routers by exporting and importing routes into a local VRF.C. Route Targets are used by PE routers to define how to import and export prefixes into a local VRF database.D. Route Targets are extended communities that are used by MP-BGP to identify routes as they are advertised to neighbor PE routers.E.

Route Distinguishers are values that are used by a PE router to uniquely identify a VRF within its local MP-BGP VPNv4 table. Answer: CE QUESTION 96Refer to the exhibit. A service provider has multiple time sources in the environment for NTP. The time source at 10.0.4.1 is intended to be seen as a primary time source. What command can be issued on PE4 to fix the configuration,

ensuring the proper NTP source will be issued? | ntp server 10.0.1.1 ntp server 10.0.2.1 ntp server 10.0.3.1 statum 200.com interface Gigabit Ethernet0/0 ip address 10.100.1.4.255.255.255.0

A. ntp peer 10.0.4.1B. ntp peer 10.0.4.1 preferC. ntp server 10.0.4.1 source GigabitEthernet0/0D. ntp server 10.0.4.1 prefer Answer: DExplanation:

http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/switches/datacenter/sw/5 x/nx-os/system management/configuration/guide/sm nx os cg/sm \_\_3ntp.html#wp1106725 QUESTION 97An engineer must implement E-Line services for a service provider network. Which two services apply in this situation? (Choose two.) A. EVPLB. E-TreeC. E-LAND. EVCE. EPL Answer: AEExplanation: http://www.cisco.com/c/en/us/td/docs/net\_mgmt/prime/fulfillment/6-2/theory/operations/guide/theory/l2ce.pdf QUESTION 98 Referring to the exhibit, what could be preventing the R1 router from receiving any prefixes from the R2 BGP neighbor?

Attribute poly summary BAF router identifier 19.199.11 BAF table version is 45, main re-44 network entries using 388 byte 13 BAF path entries using 388 byte 13 BAF path attribute entries u 14 BAF route-map cache entries u 0 BAF filter-list cache entries BAF activity 80/44 prefixes of m BAF activity 80/44 prefixes .19 19.1464.1.17 4 1 1629

192.108.1.17 4 1 102 1 56.022 4 22 7 1 56.777 4 10 1 Rifteinet 192.168.31.1 Trying 192.168.31.1 ... Open

User Access Verification

Password: cisco 828sh run | begin bgp router bgp 65002 bgg confederation identifier 1 bgg confederation peers 65001 network 10.0.0.0 meighbor 192.168.31.2 remote-:

A. The neighbor 192.168.31.2 next-hop-self command is missing on R2B. R1 is using the wrong remote AS number in its neighbor 192.168.31.1 remote-as configurationC. There is a TCP session establishment problem between R1 and R2D. The no sync command is missing on R2F. There is a BGP version mismatch between R1 and R2 Answer: B QUESTION 99Refer to the exhibit. Your customer has enabled IPv6 and IPv4 on routers R1 and R2, both running ISIS routing protocol, and they can no longer reach R3 network 172.26.15.0/24 (R3 does not enable IPv6, enables IPv4 only). Which two steps should be taken to restore reach ability to R3? (Choose two.)



A. Enable OSPFv3 to support IPv4 and IPv6 simultaneously.B. Configure static routes to all unreachable networks and redistribute to IS-IS.C. Create an IPv6 tunnel from R2 to R3.D. Transition to IS-IS Multiple Topology Mode on R3.E. Enable wide metrics.F. Transition to IS-IS Multiple Topology Mode on R1 and R2. Answer: EF QUESTION 100Which two statements regarding the IS-IS DIS election process are true? (Choose two.) A. L1 routers on a broadcast network only establish adjacencies with the DIS.B. If the DIS becomes unavailable the backup DIS is promoted to DIS.C. Adding a router with a higher priority than the current DIS will result in the new router becoming DIS.D. Separate L1 and L2 election processes are held on a brodcast network.E. A priority of 0 will prevent a router from becoming a DIS.F. If there is a tie based on priority, the router whose attached interface has the lowest MAC address becomes the DIS. Answer: CD <u>!!!RECOMMEND!!!</u> 1.Braindump2go|2016 New 400-201 PDF & 400-201 VCE 414Q&As Download: http://www.braindump2go.com/400-201.html 2.Braindump2go|2016 New 400-201 Questions & Answers: https://drive.google.com/folderview?id=0B75b5xYLjSSNRjJsZE5Fd04xYTQ&usp=sharing